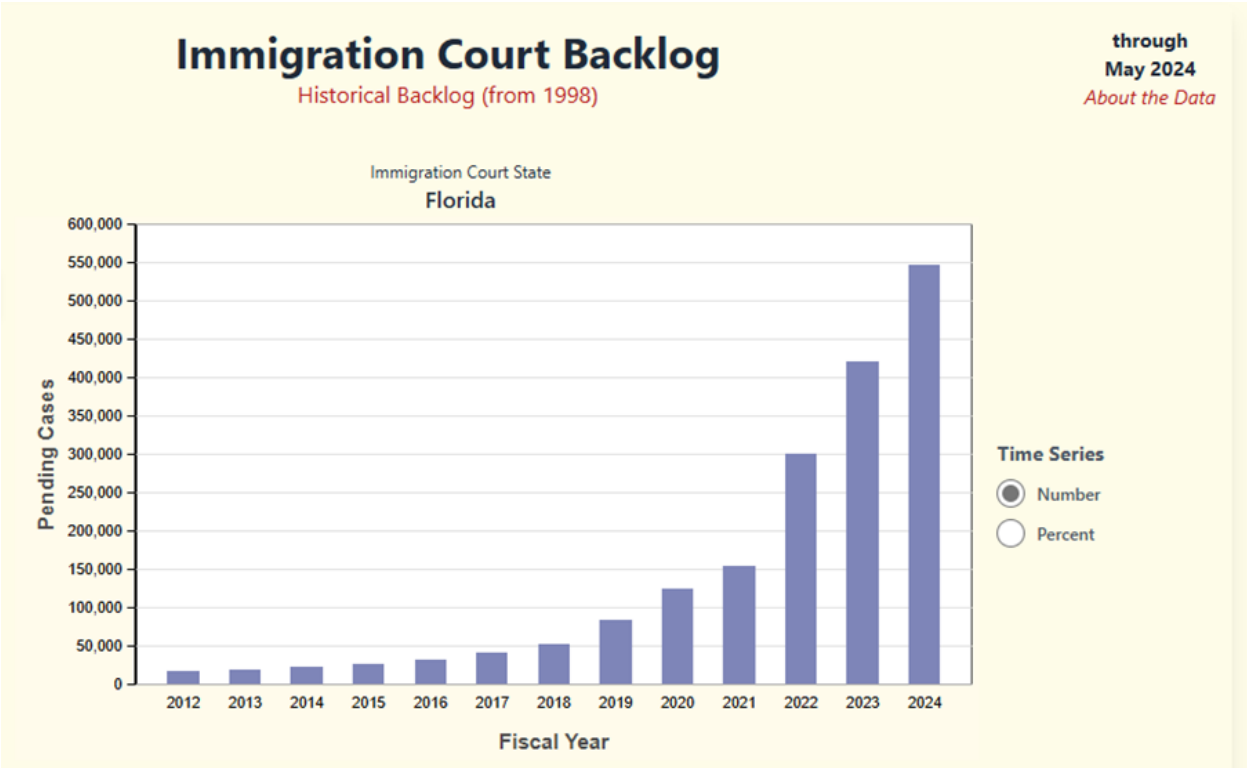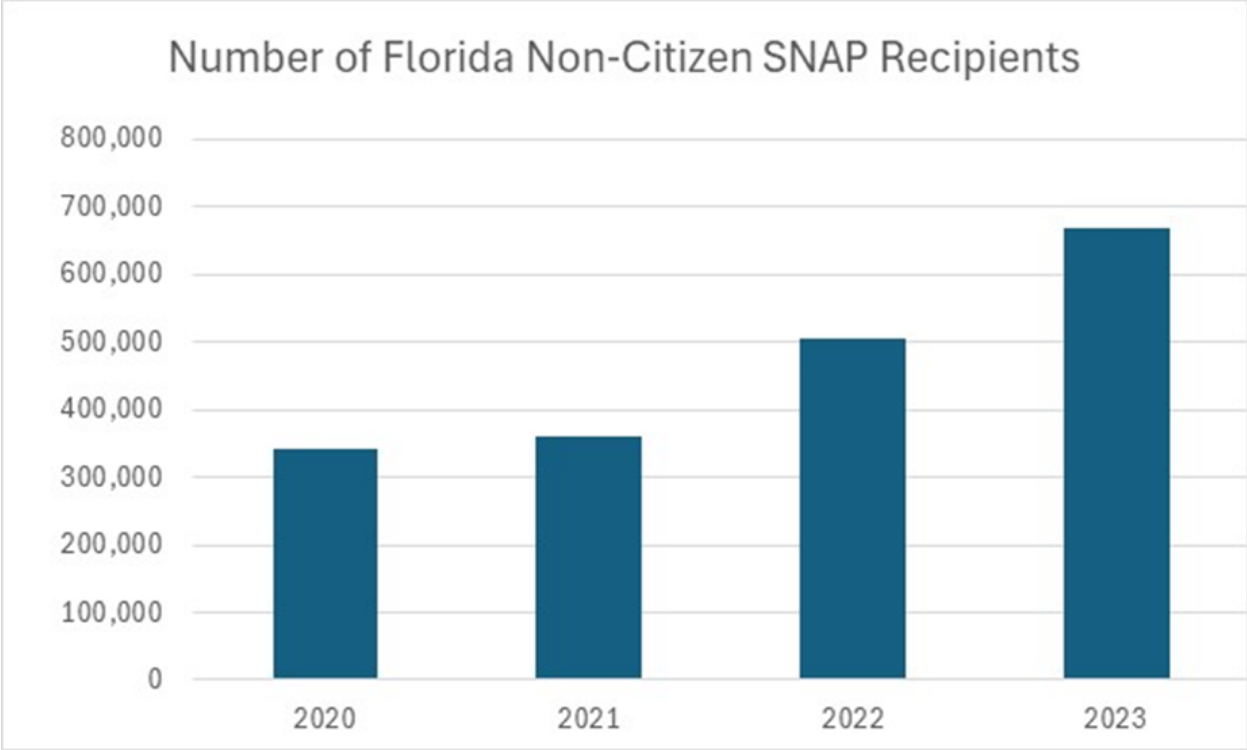1) An analysis of Miami-Dade removal of non-citizens showed that non-citizens were on the voter roll for an average of 9 years before removal, and many voting in multiple elections - Miami-Dade Not a citizen Removed 01-01-2020 through 09-17-2024
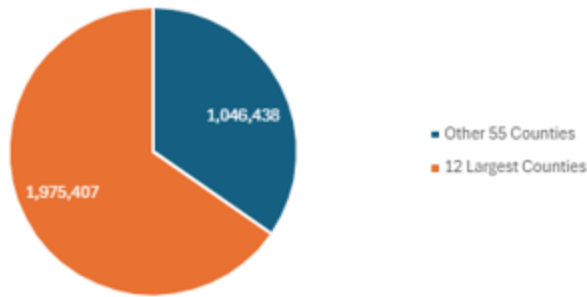
% Registered at high school age (16-17)	12%
% Registered at college age (18-21)	45%
% Registered at age (22 - 54)	31%
% Seniors when registered (55 and over)	12%
Average Number of Years on the Voter Roll	9
Percent Voted at Least Once	29%

2) Evidence non-citizen and fictitious person registration vulnerabilities and the plausibility of proposed solutions - Top 5 Reasons HB831 and SB1330 Are Must Pass Legislation Detailed Final v2.docx

Number of Florida Non-Citizen SNAP Recipients

Immigration Court Backlog
Historical Backlog (from 1998)

through
May 2024
About the Data

Immigration Court State
Florida

Time Series
◉ Number
○ Percent

3) Evidence of vote-by-mail vulnerabilities and solutions - Vote By Mail Proof v8.pdf

Florida 2024 General Vote-by-Mail Ballots

- Other 55 Counties: 1,046,438
- 12 Largest Counties: 1,975,407

✓ Limited transparency
✓ No independent procedural audits
✓ Chain of custody gaps

4) Director of National Intelligence statement on voting system vulnerabilities - Tulsi Gabbard Voting System Video.mp4

The issue with relying solely on "vote verification" systems to verify tabulator results is that vote verification systems have the same vulnerabilities as voting systems.

5) Defend Florida obtained ClearAudit contracts for several counties:

County	Number of Registered Voters Book Closing 2024 General	Puchase Price	Annual Maintenance (starts in year 2)	7 Year Cost of Ownership	Purchase Price Per Registered Voter	7 Year TCO Per Registered Voter
Miami-Dade	1,525,443	$ 954,768	$ 177,399	$ 2,019,165	$ 0.63	$ 1
St. Johns	230,160	$ 178,084	$ 29,000	$ 352,084	$ 0.77	$ 2
Flagler	96,751	$ 76,569	$ 15,986	$ 172,485	$ 0.79	$ 2
Walton	60,306	$ 62,674	13,227	$ 142,036	$ 1.04	$ 2

We estimate the cost of requiring the 36 counties that currently do manual audits to purchase a ClearAudit system would be $3.5 million using this reference pricing with counties with fewer than 25,000 registered voters would pay $30K per system.

And that's just the beginning.

The average annual maintenance is 19% of the purchase price which we estimate would be $2 million annually across all counties.

While we are in favor of spending money on strengthening the election process – is this a good use of money? Can it be relied on? Does it bolster confidence?

This is a large price tag for a solution that cannot be relied upon to detect compromised tabulation systems that do vote-flipping or ballot insertion/deletion.